

VERIFICATION ACADEMY

Advanced OVM (& UVM) Understanding TLM

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How TLM Works

TLM is all about communication through method calls

- A TLM port specifies the "API" to be used
- A TLM *export* supplies the implementation of the methods
- Connections are between ports/exports, not components
- Transactions are objects
- Ports & exports are parameterized by the transaction type being communicated







How TLM Works

TLM is all about communication through method calls

- A TLM port specifies the "API" to be used
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- Ports & exports are parameterized by the transaction type being communicated







TLM Interfaces Specify Directionality & Completion

Unidirectional

- Blocking (tasks)
 - Put
 - Get/peek
- Nonblocking (functions)
 - try_put
 - try_get/peek
 - write



Bidirectional

- Master
 - put_request
 - get_response
- Slave
 - get_request
 - put_response
- Transport
 - transport
 - nb_transport (function)
- Sequence/Driver
 - get_request
 - put_response





Analysis Communication

Analysis ports support 1:many connections

- All write() functions called in zero time
- Used by coverage collectors and scoreboards
 - ovm_subscriber has built-in analysis_export







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Port-to-Export

Hierarchical Connections

class my_env extends ovm_env;

class p1 extends ovm_component; ovm_put_port #(tr) pport;

endclass

virtual function void connect();

endfunction

class p2 extends ovm_component; ovm_put_export #(tr) pxport;





Port-to-Export port.connect(export);

Hierarchical Connections

class my_env extends ovm_env;

class p1 extends ovm_component; ovm_put_port #(tr) pport;

endclass

virtual function void connect(); p1.pport.connect(p2.pxport); endfunction

class p2 extends ovm_component; ovm_put_export #(tr) pxport;





- Port-to-Export port.connect(export);
- Port-to-Port

Hierarchical Connections

C1

class my_env extends ovm_env;

class p1 extends ovm_component; ovm_put_port #(tr) pport; virtual function void connect();

endfunction endclass

virtual function void connect(); p1.pport.connect(p2.pxport); endfunction

class p2 extends ovm_component; ovm_put_export #(tr) pxport;





• Port-to-Export

port.connect(export);

Port-to-Port

child.port.connect(parent_port);

Hierarchical Connections

C1

class my_env extends ovm_env;

class p1 extends ovm_component
 ovm_put_port #(tr) pport;
 virtual function void connect();
 c1.pport.connect(pport);
 endfunction
 endclass

virtual function void connect(); p1.pport.connect(p2.pxport); endfunction

class p2 extends ovm_component; ovm_put_export #(tr) pxport;





• **Port-to-Export** port.connect(export);

Port-to-Port child.port.connect(parent_port);

Export-to-Export

Hierarchical Connections

C1

C2

class my_env extends ovm_env;

class p1 extends ovm_component ovm_put_port #(tr) pport; virtual function void connect(); c1.pport.connect(pport); endfunction endclass

virtual function void connect(); p1.pport.connect(p2.pxport); endfunction

class p2 extends ovm_component ovm_put_export #(tr) pxport; virtual function void connect();

endfunction endclass





Hierarchical Connections

C1

C2

- **Port-to-Export** port.connect(export);
- Port-to-Port child.port.connect(parent_port);
- Export-to-Export

parent_export.connect(child.export);

class my_env extends ovm_env;

class p1 extends ovm_component; ovm_put_port #(tr) pport; virtual function void connect(); c1.pport.connect(pport); endfunction endclass

virtual function void connect(); p1.pport.connect(p2.pxport); endfunction

class p2 extends ovm_component; ovm_put_export #(tr) pxport; virtual function void connect(); pxport.connect(c2.pxport); endfunction endclass





- Every port must eventually connect to an implementation (imp)
- Most imps you'll need are built into base classes
 - analysis_imp in ovm_subscriber
 - seq_item_pull_imp in ovm_sequencer
 - blocking/nonblocking put/get/peek in tlm_fifo
- Occasionally, you may need to make your own imp





Creating Your Own Imp 🗏

- 1. Declare the appropriate imp
- 2. Declare the implementation of the appropriate TLM method(s)
- 3. Construct the imp in build()







Need multiple analysis exports

- Each export needs its own write() method
- Can only have one write() method in the component

Implementing a Scoreboard

class my_sbd extends ovm_component; ovm_analysis_export #(tr) exp_export; ovm_analysis_export #(tr) act_export;

function void build(); exp_export = new("expected export", this); act_export = new("actual export", this);

endfunction virtual function void connect();

endfunction virtual task run();

endtask





Need multiple analysis exports

- Each export needs its own write() method
- Can only have one write() method in the component
- Use analysis_fifos to supply the exports

Implementing a Scoreboard

```
class my_sbd extends ovm_component;
ovm_analysis_export #(tr) exp_export;
ovm_analysis_export #(tr) act_export;
local tlm_analysis_fifo #(tr) F1, F2;
function void build();
exp_export = new("expected export", this);
act_export = new("actual export", this);
F1 = new("expected fifo", this);
F2 = new("actual fifo", this);
endfunction
virtual function void connect();
endfunction
```

virtual task run();

endtask



F2



Need multiple analysis exports

- Each export needs its own write() method
- Can only have one write() method in the component
- Use analysis_fifos to supply the exports

Implementing a Scoreboard

class my_sbd extends ovm_component; ovm_analysis_export #(tr) exp_export; ovm_analysis_export #(tr) act_export; local tlm_analysis_fifo #(tr) F1, F2;

function void build();

exp_export = new("expected export", this); act_export = new("actual export", this); F1 = new("expected fifo", this); F2 = new("actual fifo", this); endfunction

virtual function void connect(); exp_export.connect(F1.analysis_export); act_export.connect(F2.analysis_export); endfunction

virtual task run();





endtask



Need multiple analysis exports

- Each export needs its own write() method
- Can only have one write() method in the component
- Use analysis_fifos to supply the exports
 - Scoreboard actively pulls from fifos

Implementing a Scoreboard

class my_sbd extends ovm_component; ovm_analysis_export #(tr) exp_export; ovm_analysis_export #(tr) act_export; local tlm_analysis_fifo #(tr) F1, F2;

function void build();

exp_export = new("expected export", this); act_export = new("actual export", this); F1 = new("expected fifo", this); F2 = new("actual fifo", this); endfunction

virtual function void connect();

exp_export.connect(F1.analysis_export);
 act_export.connect(F2.analysis_export);
endfunction

virtual task run(); F1.get(exp_tr); F2.get(act_tr); // compare transactions endtask







Alternate Scoreboard Implementation

- Use subscribers to call methods in the parent
- Scoreboard is passive recipient of transactions

class my_subscriber1 #(type tr)
 extends ovm_subscriber #(tr);
virtual function void write(tr);
 m_parent.write1(tr);
 endfunction
endclass

class my_subscriber2 #(type tr)
 extends ovm_subscriber #(tr);
 virtual function void write(tr);
 m_parent.write2(tr);
 endfunction
endclass

class my_sbd extends ovm_component; ovm_analysis_export #(tr) exp_export; ovm_analysis_export #(tr) act_export; local my_subscriber1 #(tr) S1; local my_subscriber2 #(tr) S2;

function void build();

endfunction

virtual function void connect(); exp_export.connect(S1.analysis_export); act_export.connect(S2.analysis_export); endfunction

virtual function void write1();

endfunction

virtual function void write2();

endfunction







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